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PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE

Volume XLIV, No. 7.
Established in 1871.

JULY, 1908.

5 Years 50 cents.
1 Year 10 cents.

A Primrose Bargain.

Sow The Seeds this Month for Winter-Blooming. Twenty
Splendid Varieties, Only 50 Cents.

Here are the most beautiful and easily-grown Primroses for house and garden. Sow the seeds this month for winter or spring blooming. Full directions for culture accompany every collection. The seeds are all fresh, and of prime vitality.

Primula Sinensis, Mallow-leaved and Fern-leaved varieties, best winter-blooming plants in cultivation, all in splendid mixture.

Primula Sinensis, Double, elegant varieties with beautiful double flowers; rare; splendid mixture. 10 seeds.

Primula Sinensis, stellata pyramidalis, the new Tree Primrose; grows a foot or more high, branching and spreading like a tree, and becoming a mass of rich bloom. 10 seeds.

Primula Obconica, new large-flowered, plain and fringed in splendid mixture. These are glorious improved window flowers, probably surpassing the Chinese Primrose as window plants. The flowers are very large, produced in grand clusters.

Primula Forbesi, the Baby Primrose, a lovely little pot-plant for the window; bears a profusion of pretty rosy clusters.

Primula Floribunda, golden yellow, very profuse-blooming window plant of easy culture; known as the Buttercup Primrose.



DOUBLE CHINESE PRIMROSE—SPECIMEN PLANT.

Primula Sieboldii, new, large-flowered sorts, exquisite for pots or for the garden; choice mixed colors.

Primula Verticillata grandiflora, improved Abyssinian Primrose; a foot high, powdered foliage; yellow bloom; fine window plant.

Primula Cashmeriana, small, in dense heads, purple, with yellow eye; very pretty; likes a moist, sunny place.

Primula Denticulata, beautiful lilac flowers in dense heads; from Himalaya; thrives in moist leaf-mould; 9 inches.

Primula veris Elatior, a fine garden Primrose; early, spring-blooming; flowers in heads and of various colors.

Primula Elatior Duplex, a fine hose-in-hose sort; hardy; an elegant garden edging; spring-blooming; mixed colors.

Primula Officialis, yellow, flowers in drooping clusters; hardy; fine.

Primula Vulgaris, a dwarf, hardy Primrose; flowers yellow, sessile umbels; very handsome edging.

Primula Auricula, umbellate clusters of large, showy, various colored flowers; fine hardy garden or pot plant.

Primula Farinosa, the Bird's Eye, a very pretty species, purple with yellow eye; likes stiff soil and shade.

Primula Japonica, a Japan sort, 15 inches high, with whorls of lovely flowers of many colors; hardy.

Primula Rosea, hardy; bears heads of rosy carmine flowers with yellow eye; very handsome.

Primula Acaulis, dwarf hardy edging sorts, bearing a rich profusion of white, yellow and blue flowers.

Primula Gold-laced, a hardy dwarf Primrose; flowers of rich colors, laced with gold; a lovely sort.

Seeds of any of the above Primroses will be mailed at 5 cts per packet, or the twenty sorts (20 pkts.) during July for 50 cts., just half price. Order two lots (\$1.00), and I will add a pkt of seeds of the new blood-red Primula grandiflora, and if 3 lots (\$1.50), I will add both of these fine new sorts.

GEO. W. PARK, La Park, Penn'a.



PRIMULA OBCONICA, FRINGED.
Obconica sanguinea, or P. Floribunda grandiflora, and if 3 lots (\$1.50), I will add both of these fine new sorts.
Get up a club. Address

MAGNETIC FORCE CURES DISEASE WITHOUT A DROP OF MEDICINE

Fill the system to overflowing with Magnetic life, and the vital organs must do their work in a healthy, vigorous manner.

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We will give you the names of doctors, lawyers, educators, merchants, ministers, and all other classes of people that we have cured of all so-called incurable diseases. You can make inquiry yourself of these people in order to substantiate our claims to your own satisfaction.

Read the following letters from grateful patients who have been cured by Magnetic Shields.



Think of living inside of a garment that is radiating over 800 streams of Magnetic force into the trunk of your body, feeding the nerves and vital organs with new life and energy. Keeping you constantly bathed in a stream of this revitalizing force. Such a garment is our **MAGNETIC VEST** fitting the body like a glove. We make other Shields for every part of the body. All described in our New Book, "A PLAIN ROAD TO HEALTH."

CATARRH OF STOMACH AND BOWELS AND BORDERING ON PARALYSIS COMPLETELY CURED AFTER ALL HOPE OF CURE HAD BEEN GIVEN UP.

Jan. 16th, 1906:

For the benefit of the sick and suffering I wish to make the following statement:

I had been afflicted with catarrh of the stomach and bowels and general debility, bordering on paralysis, for the past fifteen years. For two years I lived altogether on fresh fish and dry bread and milk. After a while I had to quit fish, and for three months I lived on toasted bread and milk, and kept getting worse until I had to quit work, having no strength left. Myself and friends thought that my time in this world was short, having all this time been in the hands of twelve doctors, some noted specialists, and the doctors all diagnosed my case as catarrh of the bowels and stomach. After I had given up all hope of getting well again, a friend of mine who had taken Dr. Thacher's treatment advised me to consult the doctor. I wrote him and he advised me. I made up my mind to make one more effort and give him a trial, and the result was to-day I am as well and sound as ever I was, am attending to my business, which requires from sixteen to twenty hours a day. I eat anything that is set before me, having perfect digestion and I think Dr. Thacher's treatment is a blessing to suffering humanity, and would advise persons with chronic diseases to consult him, as I honestly believe he can do for others what he has done for me.

Yours truly,

J. Y. KECK,

17 E. Third Street, Pottstown, Pa.

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Dear Doctor Thacher:—My experience has convinced me that there is no other healing agent like Magnetic Shields.

I used them for spinal trouble and the Shields did the work of lifting me from a chronic invalid to a well and busy woman, at the same time reducing my weight from 250 pounds to 180 pounds.

Obey nature's laws, wear Dr. Thacher's Shields, and you do not need to be sick. May the light of truth dawn on the intelligent minds and teach them the way to be healthy and happy. May God's blessing rest on your good work.

Very truly yours,

MISS ADA DICKINSON,
Farmdale, Ohio.

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THACHER MAGNETIC SHIELD CO. INC., Suite 171---169 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE

A MONTHLY JOURNAL OF FLORICULTURE

Vol. XLIV.

July, 1908.

No. 7.

JULY.

Blossoms sweet of every hue,
Gay and bright, now greet our view,
Born of sunshine and of rain,
Spangling hillside and the plain.
Flowers, flowers everywhere,
Breathing perfume sweet and rare.

Norfolk Co., Mass. Lucretia Banks Zastre.

WINTER-BLOOMING PRIM-ROSES.

IT IS now generally conceded that the Fringed Chinese Primrose, double and single, in the many lovely colors which it embraces, is the most popular and desirable window plant for the amateur, now in cultivation. The plants grow from six to

Chinese Primrose, its flowers and clusters being almost as large and showy as those of the Chinese sorts. seedlings begin to bloom when only a few months old. The plants are of the easiest culture and sure-blooming throughout the winter.

Primula stellata pyramidalis is a variety of Chinese Primrose which grows up in tree form, branching and bearing a profusion of bloom in many colors. It is a rare and beautiful window plant.

The Buttercup Primrose (*P. floribunda*) has elegant rich yellow clusters, and is a fine winter bloomer, easy to start from seeds, easy to grow, and very free-blooming all winter. It should be better known.

Primula Sieboldii, *P. Forbesi*, *P. Auricula*,



POT OF FRINGED CHINESE PRIMROSES.

eight inches high, exhibiting throughout winter elegant, crimped and shaded, mallow-leaved and fern-leaved foliage, above which, on strong scapes, rise the umbel-like clusters of large, delicate, rich-colored blooms in many fine shades.

Primula Obconica, new large-flowered, with plain and fringed flowers, is a rival of the

and *P. farinosa* are all fine pot plants that the amateur can grow. All of these, as well as the hardy garden sorts are readily propagated from seeds. They deserve your attention.

Sow the seeds this month, in a box of sifted, well-firmed wood soil, and keep moist and shaded till the plants appear. They thrive in a rich, porous, rather sandy compost, well-drained.

Park's Floral Magazine.

A Monthly. Entirely Floral.

Geo. W. Park, Editor and Proprietor.
LaPARK, LANCASTER CO., PA.

CIRCULATION.—The actual circulation, proven when required, is 450,000 copies monthly. No free distribution to promiscuous lists of names. Advertising offices 150 Nassau St. N. Y., also Chicago, Boston, Cleveland and Des Moines, The Fisher Special Agency, Managers, to whom all communications about advertising should be addressed.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, 50 cents for five years, prepaid. Single subscriptions per year, 10 cents. On fine paper 25 cts.

Canadian subscriptions cannot be accepted at any price, because of the recent Canadian tariff and postal laws, which are prohibitive. I regret this, as I have to take off of my list the names of many who have been long-time subscribers and friends.

THE EDITOR invites correspondence with all who love and cultivate flowers.

Entered at LaPark, Pa., as second class mail matter.

JULY, 1908.

Circulation Bulletin.

Number of copies printed of Park's Floral Magazine, as indicated by press counters, for June, **456,220.**

Number of copies mailed of Park's Floral Magazine, as indicated by Postoffice receipts, for June, **452,234.**

Catalpa.—Seedling Catalpas usually grow rapidly, and are comparatively free from insects. If the leaves curl it is an evidence of either aphid or red spider on their under side. Examine them carefully, and if infested dip the branches in tobacco tea and soap suds as hot as the hand will bear, or syringe with the material, dashing the liquid upon the under side of the leaves. A tree that seems stunted will often be induced to throw up a vigorous shoot by cutting the top back early in spring. This is especially true of the Catalpa, and when several shoots appear remove all but the strongest one. To promote a vigorous growth of any tree, shrub or plant keep the soil well worked, and mulch liberally with fresh stable manure.

Calla Lily.—If your Calla has ceased to do well in a pot in the house, bed it out in the garden in summer and let it care for itself until autumn, then repot it. The tuber should not be more than two inches beneath the surface. Callas can be grown from seeds as well as from offsets, and the plants will bloom as soon as large enough. The Little Gem Calla is a miniature sort, but is not generally satisfactory. The offsets will usually become of good blooming size in three years.

Little Gem Calla.—When this Calla fails to bloom after repeated trials throw it away and get a Dwarf Calla. As a rule the Little Gem is not satisfactory, and its culture is discouraging.

ASTER CULTURE.

TO GROW fine Asters it is important to secure choice seeds, and start the plants in a hot-bed or window-box, or in a sheltered bed out-doors, as early as the climate will permit. If the plants begin to crowd in the rows thin them out, or transplant, allowing each plant two inches of space each way. Transplanting to a shallow box of good soil is rather better than to thin the seedlings, for the roots of transplanted plants branch



ASTER, IMPROVED VICTORIA.

into many fibers, thus insuring a more vigorous growth of leaf and stem. The second transplanting, when the bed is filled, will add to their vigor and promote the development of large buds and flowers. Dwarf Asters should be set five or six inches apart in the bed, and tall ones ten or twelve inches apart. Early plants make their growth during the cool weather of spring and early summer, and mostly produce finer flowers than the later-grown plants. Choose a period of damp, cloudy weather for transplanting, the bed having been spaded deeply, enriched with good stable manure (fresh, fine manure from the horse-stable is preferable), and well pulverized and mixed. If the soil is rather dry, make a slight excavation where the plant is to be set and pour a half pint or more of water into it, then set the plant, pressing the earth about the roots, and drawing some dry or loose earth about the surface, to prevent baking. The bed should be in a sunny place, and if the soil is rich, deep and rather tenacious it is all the better. Keep the earth loose by hoeing after each rain. If rains are scarce water liberally. Moist soil is necessary to produce the finest blooms. When the plants begin to shoot mulch the bed with fine stable litter, and cease cultivation. By following these simple directions the finest flowers may be grown.

Plant-lice Remedy.—Prof. Gillette, of the Colorado Agricultural College writes:

"One of the best remedies for plant lice is the common sheep dip sold under the name of 'Black Leaf.' Dilute this with water in the proportion of one part of the dip to seventy parts of water, and you will have one of the very best spray materials for the destruction of plant lice."

CARNATIONS.

CARNATIONS are easily propagated either from seeds, layers or cuttings. The Garden Carnations are very beautiful, hardy, easily grown, and of various rich colors. Sown in the spring the plants will be of blooming size by next spring. Taken in the house in autumn they will often bloom beautifully in the window in winter. The Florists' Carnations bloom well in the garden if



planted out in the spring. The Margaret Carnations bloom abundantly in the window if started from seeds in the spring and potted as winter approaches. Carnations must have a rich, rather tenacious soil, and a sunny exposure. Syringe them often, and keep the soil about the roots moderately moist. Treated in this way they are successfully cultivated in the window in the winter, and afford as much pleasure as anything that can be grown.

Early Chrysanthemums.—The early large-flowering Chrysanthemums are Polly Rose, Clementine Touset, Mrs. H. Robinson, Alice Byron, all white; Glory of the Pacific, Rosiere, pink; Monrovia, Robert Halliday, yellow; Black Hawk, crimson. There are others but the above will be found a satisfactory collection. They can be grown in the garden, and if given some protection, as a heavy mulching of ashes or stable litter late in the fall they will endure the winter safely even in the more northern states.

Camellias in Alabama.—A floral sister in the South has two plants of Camellia Japonica, one bearing red flowers and the other variegated ones. They do well in her garden, and she has a ready market for all the flowers they produce. She wants to know of other flowers she could raise in the same way. She should add other colors of Camellia, and start some plants of Gardenia florida or Cape Jasmine. These are popular flowers for cutting, and will be found hardy and of easy culture.

Selaginella.—Most of the Selaginellas like a cool, moist, shady place. The most desirable sort for the window is *S. Maritima*. It will grow beautifully in a north window where the direct rays of the sun do not come, and where the atmosphere is moist and cool.

EUONYMUS.

THE variegated *Euonymus Japonica* has leaves blotched with golden yellow, mostly through the centre. It is a hardy shrub as far north as Pennsylvania, and makes a lovely hedge. A lady in Michigan, asking the name of this plant writes:

"Mr. Editor:—I enclose for name the leaves of a variegated, low shrub. I have always kept it in the house in the winter. It is very pretty. It seems to grow most during the winter."



The plant has leathery, evergreen leaves, and is handsome as a pot plant. At the South it becomes a large bush, and is covered with red berries during the winter.

Christmas Flowers.—To have bulbous flowers at Christmas get Freesias, Roman Hyacinths and Paper White Narcissus as early in autumn as the bulbs can be procured. Pot them in good, fibrous loam, water and set the pots in a cool, dark place till the middle of November, then bring them gradually to the light. Give heat and light according to the development of the plants, remembering that to retard development you should have a cool, shady place for the plants, and to promote development a warm, sunny place. Judicious management will thus enable you to have these flowers at any time they are wanted during winter, and a succession can be obtained by bringing the pots to the light at successive periods.

Violets.—Runners are rooted in the spring and transplanted to a rather shady border, setting them six or eight inches apart, in rows a foot apart. Here they are cultivated during summer, and in autumn, before frost, the florist lifts these plants and beds them on the greenhouse bench, where they grow and bloom during the winter months. The atmosphere is kept cool, often near the frost line at night, and the dying leaves are gathered and burned; watering over the foliage freely is avoided. If mildew appears the heating pipes of the greenhouse are painted with a mixture of sulphur and lime. Violet culture is very simple. The main thing is to avoid too much heat and keep the plants free from insect pests and mildew.

Campanula Carpatica.—Mrs. Rolston, of Michigan, has a semi-trailing plant that is covered in July and August with white, waxy flowers that remain open about two weeks. It is a very fine pot plant. She encloses leaves which are evidently of a trailing species of *Campanula*, probably *C. carpatica*.

EDITORIAL LETTER.



Y DEAR FRIENDS:—Come with me to the garden this beautiful June morning. The sun is shining brightly, the many birds are happy in song, the air is laden with the perfume of Roses and Honey-suckles, and all Nature seems to rejoice in the surrounding beauty. As we pass out I want you to notice the handsome specimen of Elderberry (*Sambucus Canadensis*) which stands upon the edge of the lawn near the door. It came up there voluntarily several years ago, and has been improving in form and beauty each season. It is now ten feet high and almost as many feet wide, of graceful, globular shape, and just a mass of lovely, creamy umbel-like clusters of bloom, as represented in the little engraving. These flowers will be followed very soon by the showy clusters of purplish berries, which will remain in beauty for several weeks. When fully ripe these berries are removed and used for pies, jelly, jam, etc. In making the pies use a teaspoonful of strong vinegar to each pie, and sprinkle flour around the margin before placing the upper crust, to prevent the juice from escaping. The vinegar is used to neutralize a taste of the berries that some persons dislike. In making jelly add a portion of juice pressed from green grapes or rhubarb, to make it livery. A delicious butter can also be made with Elderberry juice and sour apples. When we consider the very ornamental and hardy character of this native bush, together with its utility as a fruit, it seems strange that it is not found in general cultivation.

And now, just beyond this shrub I call your attention to a mass of carmine bloom of the dwarf Spirea, Anthony Waterer. It is used as a border plant for a clump of shrubbery

which surrounds the big Lilac, upon the lawn side. This is an everblooming Spirea, delicate, bright and beautiful. The fading clusters should be kept cut, to encourage free-blooming, and keep the bush in fine condition. The plant grows from two to three feet high, branching freely near the ground, and the outer branches hang over to the ground, thus making a bank of bloom when used as a marginal plant. After a while the new sprouts issuing will often be of a rich crimson and gold color, rivaling the beauty of the flowers. *S. callosa alba* is a white-flowered sort of the same character. The illustration on the opposite page shows a little cluster of this Spirea.

Near the Spirea you cannot but admire the clump of *Berberis Thunbergii*. How dense and graceful are the branches, and how lovely the rich green foliage. And I want to tell you that here is an ideal hedge plant. In my opinion it surpasses in beauty and utility that of any hedge-plant known. It is of such compact, spiny character that it is impene-

trable by stock. In the spring it is covered with a profusion of greenish yellow, fragrant bloom, and in winter, after the leaves fall, the plant is brilliant with scarlet berries, which are said to be excellent for jelly. Their chief merit, however, aside from their decorative character, is their value as bird-food. And just here let me suggest that for nesting song sparrows this plant is unsurpassed, for they can build where cats and other enemies cannot gain access. But this *Berberis* clump suggests another idea. Do you see the showy purple bloom that covers a portion of it? That is from a stray perennial Pea (*Lathyrus*



rus latifolius) which came up there, and every year, from early summer till frost it enlivens the *Berberis* with its great clusters of showy bloom. If anyone wished a hedge of bloom as well as foliage why not plant the *Berberis Thunbergii* and perennial Peas together. If not allowed to seed no plant will bloom more freely or continuously than this Pea, and where the combination would be desirable the two plants could be used as suggested. A merit of the *Berberis* hedge is that it needs but little pruning.

As we enter the garden I hear words of praise for the bed of Sweet Williams, rich and varied in colors, and delightfully fragrant, and I readily assent, for these flowers deserve all the praise they receive. Many of us recall their beauty in the old homestead garden



Elderberry Bloom.

of long ago, and the sweet blooms bring to our mind the happy associations and experiences of other days. But the flowers are now larger, and more varied and beautiful than we knew in

earlier days. This bed has been blooming for several years, but was never more attractive than at the present time. Keep the clusters picked off to prevent seed formation, and the plants will bloom more or less all the season.

Beside the Sweet Williams the tall, stately Delphiniums or Perennial Larkspurs rise in glorious array. Some are dark blue, some light blue, some violet and some white. All are beautiful. The spikes are several feet in length, stiff and erect, and they eclipse many of the more humble perennials in beds near-by. But all the Larkspurs are pretty. Over there by the big clump of *Spirea opulifolia* (which, by the way, was a mass of white flower clusters, and is now covered with the showy bronze-red seed-pods) you will



Spirea, Anthony Waterer.

notice a bed of the annual branching Larkspur (*Delphinium Consolida flore plena*.) The seeds of those plants were sown last autumn, and the plants wintered safely and began pushing up this season. How mossy and rich and handsome is the foliage. Soon its erect wreathes of bloom will make a bright spot in the garden. The perennial Larkspurs, however, have been improving for several years. They were started from seeds, which, unfortunately, are slow in germinating, and are often sown unsuccessfully for that reason. But the beauty and lasting quality of the plants, together with their everblooming character, prompt us to repeated efforts to get the plants started.



Sweet William.

Speaking of Larkspurs reminds me of a specimen recently received from a flower-loving reader, together with the following note:

Mr. Editor:—I enclose a specimen of a rare Kentucky wild flower for you to name in the Magazine. It is a perennial, and is propagated from seeds as well as from shoots. Its native home was a rocky country northeast of Russellville, Ky., in Logan

county. It sends up numerous spikes of the richest purple bloom in the month of April.

Miss Alice Campbell.

Logan Co., Ky., April 17, 1908.



Delphinium tricolor.

That you may have a better idea of this specimen I have made a rough drawing of it. The name is *Delphinium tricolor*. The plant grows from one to three feet high, and has a tuberous root. It is found in western Pennsylvania to Georgia and West to Arkansas and Minnesota. Its early blooming and hardiness, as well as its beauty, should recommend it for cultivation.

Just back of the *Spirea* mentioned you see a stately bed of bloom—erect spikes of white, yellow and red drooping bells, spotted and blotched in a most attractive manner. That is a bed of Foxglove (*Digitalis*) in variety. The spikes are three feet high, and have been showy for many days. Truly the Foxglove is not grown as freely as its merits would warrant.

That mass of waving gold is of *Coreopsis lanceolata*. The plants start readily from seeds, which, if sown this season, will make elegant blooming plants next season. You make no mistake in starting a bed of this glowing, hardy perennial.

The similar mass of white blooms with golden centre, waving so gracefully in the breeze is of *Chrysanthemum* triumph. It is a sort of Ox-eye or Shasta Daisy; hardy, free-blooming and beautiful. These two flowers might be tastefully combined, as they grow nearly the same height and have the same general appearance, except in color. Yes, any of the shrubs or perennials I have mentioned may be grown from seeds, except *Spirea Anthony Waterer*, which starts readily from cuttings. Seeds of *Berberis* should be sown in autumn, and the little plants will appear next spring. The Perennials may be sown now, and the plants will generally bloom well next season.



Coreopsis Lanceolata.

Yours Florally,

LaPark, Pa., June 15, '08. Geo. W. Park.

CHILDREN'S LETTER.



Y DEAR CHILDREN:-

I again visited my old Valley home, during the early part of May, stopping, as usual, with my brother at the old home-stand, where the happy years of my childhood and early manhood were spent. I occupied a room upon the eastern side of the house, facing the high, rugged mountain beyond the cress pond, the flower-bedecked meadow, and the Conococheague creek. A sash was raised, and the fragrant mountain air entered in gentle zephyrs, giving the atmosphere of the room that delightful, refreshing condition which we all enjoy. Every evening I was lulled to sleep by the varied notes of countless numbers of frogs, which occupied the pond,



the meadow, and the historic Indian stream. But above that pleasing chorus, recalling earlier days, I heard the hush-sh-sh of the tall, shaggy, dying pine, on the top of which the early Meadow-lark once ushered in the break of day with his sweet songs of praise, and beneath which, with brothers and sisters we played doctor and patient, enjoyed ourselves in the big swing, and spent many happy hours. I thought, too, of the good times I had building fish dams and setting nets along the rippling stream, the frogs keeping up their continuous spring concert. Then, with happy anticipation of the morning joy of net-lifting



Yip, plout, shortest route
Oh, you naughty frog,
Frightening little boys and girls
Jumping off a log

I would call to that dearest and truest of earthly friends:-

"You must wake and call me early,
Call me early, mother dear,
For tomorrow'll be the happiest time
Of all the glad new year."

And then, careless and free, I would "lay me down," and fall to sleep, listening to the frog concert, and deep, sonorous tones of the big Owl in his solitary mountain home calling



dolefully to his mate "Kum-to-me, Kum-to-me, Kum, Kum, Kum!" oft-repeated, after a certain interval, as if timed by a Swiss clock. And happy dreams of the morning joy would fill my mind until the sweet voice of my mother was heard in the morning twilight. Yes, "happy hours of childish glee, hours that never more can be."

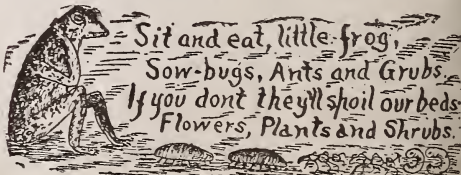
But, dear children, I want to tell you more about the frogs. You may have seen the big frogs like the one pictured "at home", that sit upon the bank, and, with a squeak, jump into the water as you approach. Some of these live along the mill race and jump every time I pass along the path. But you may not be acquainted with the little "Peep frogs" that sing in high and higher notes in the early spring. You would think they were big, if you judged by the noise they make, but they are not. Even when full grown you could put one into a large-sized thimble, and if you



Tree Frog.

were to look for him while "peeping" you would have a hard time to find him. But this little frog is the one we delight to hear in early spring, and we hail his notes as we do the notes of the first Blue-bird. Thousands sing in the damp spring meadow, when the Violets and Buttercups are in bloom, but if you pass through their haunts you can hardly see one. Their tones are all different, and seem to be uttered in answer, one to the other. Most of them call—"Peep, peep," in a rather high tone, but a little higher or lower in pitch. A very near relative, singing at the same time, with a sharp, rasping or grinding sound, is of the same size and general appearance, and equally as hard to find and capture.

Another small frog which comes in early



Sit and eat, little frog,
Sow-bugs, Ants and Grubs.
If you don't they'll spoil our beds
Flowers, Plants and Shrubs.

spring, but sings most of the summer is the Tree-frog. It is of various colors, and has "fingers" fitted with an elastic ball, by means of which it can hold to any smooth object by compressed air. This little fellow climbs trees, and sings freely just before a summer rain, his song being mellow, and pleasing to the ear.

A larger frog coming in early spring utters a long, doleful trill, and is quite common and easily seen and caught. When singing it is usually found in a shallow puddle of water. It is not active and suspicious of harm, as are the little "Peepers."

The Bull-frog is perhaps the best known of frogs. It becomes of large size, and has a deep, mellow voice which is heard for some distance. Although it increases very rapidly, in many places its voice is rarely heard, because of the ill-heartedness of some boys and men, who delight in taking its life. By some it is used as food, but no frog should be destroyed, as all species live upon mosquitos, slugs and other things that are detrimental to human life and health.



Polly-wog or Tadpole.

The life history of a frog is curious and interesting. The eggs or spawn are deposited in water, where they hatch, first assuming the form and character of a fish, and generally known as polly-wog or tadpole. It is black, with a thick head, tapering to a long tail. It breathes through gills as a fish, and can only live in water. It has a horny beak; and it has fins by which it swims, but no feet. After a while hind legs develop, with feet showing five toes; then front legs with feet showing four toes; then the horny beak falls off, the tail disappears, and we have the frog that sings and hops, and is so useful as an insect and slug destroyer. In the greenhouse and conservatory, as well as the garden they are found the gardener's best friends, destroying troublesome pests, such as ants, slugs, sow bugs and other enemies of our plants. You



must keep the cat out of your garden or greenhouse, or he will serve the frogs as he does the birds. The cat seems to be a natural enemy of all insect destroyers.

The frogs cease to sing or croak after the spring and summer months, and in autumn they burrow in the earth or mud and remain dormant till the sunshine of spring.

It seems strange, but true, that there were no "Peep frogs" at La Park, or any place near by. After removing here I noticed their absence with regret, and when I returned from my old home this spring I brought with me a good collection of the "Peepers," as also a few of the large, doleful-singing frogs, and some Bull Frogs. They were all turned loose in the pond in the ravine between the big flower-gardens. For some nights they enlivened us with their queer music, which was strange in a place where these frogs had never before been heard. They were enjoyed by many besides myself, who had missed the spring concert of these little frogs, which once greeted them in their distant early home.

Just a word more. The other day, looking out of the window at our printing office, what do you suppose I saw in the shallow edge of the race? Just a water snake with a big tadpole, almost ready to assume the life of a frog. A punch on the back of the snake with a stick caused the snake to release its prey, which scrambled away, and the head of the snake was buried in the mud. Looking out a little later the printer, who prided in turning the tables of the snake, found, to his chagrin, that the snake had come to life, pulled his head from its hiding place, and paddled off, instead of going to future snakedom, as he supposed he had sent it.

Your friend,
The Editor.

La Park, Pa., June 8, 1908.

Gardenia Florida.—This shrub is hardy at the South, and blooms freely every year. At the North it is a pot plant. The flowers are double, white, of waxy texture, about the size of a double Azalia bloom, and delightfully fragrant. The plant is shrubby, has pretty, evergreen foliage, and bears its flowers at the tips of the branches. It delights in a rich, turfy, porous loam, and will endure considerable heat. Drainage must be good to keep the plant healthy, and when you wish the buds to develop give more heat and direct sunlight. Green fly, mealy bug and scale are liable to affect the plant. Fumigate with tobacco for the fly, and syringe with hot quassia-chips tea for the other pests.

Non-blooming Rose.—A Nebraska sister has a Mary Washington Rose that grows well but does not bloom. She wants to know what to do for it. She should cut out the dead wood, and give the plant a dressing of bone-dust and lime. If this does not promote flowering, dig it up and plant there a Rose that will bloom. It would be interesting to know the result of planting a Mary Washington from another source beside the non-blooming one.

Oleander.—If your Oleander fails to bloom it is because the growth is not well ripened. It should be exposed to direct sunlight throughout the growing season, which is during spring and summer.



THE FIRST FLAG DAY.

'Twas far in the days of the "Long Ago,"
In the city of "Brotherly Love,"
An old-fashioned garden bloomed brightly below,
While the blue sky lovingly arched above,
And many a passer-by stopped to gaze
At this spot of Colonial days.

Only the commoner Rose was there,
Only the common Lily tall,
Only the blue Myosotis fair,
Only the Hollyhock near the wall.
But well might we wish to know the way
They celebrated the first Flag Day.

Well might we envy the Cinnamon Rose,
Growing tall by the window there;
What a tale to her comrades might she disclose,
To they that bloomed in that garden fair;
How she watched the General in command
View the country's flag in its maker's hand.

Methinks I hear them arguing still,
The color scheme of our nation's flag;
Each one had a claim, neath the window sill,
Each one of the three at least might brag
When they watched the new-born flag pass by
With its tints of the garden and the sky.

"The red," speaks the Rose, "the red is mine;"
The Lily lays claim to the white, in turn,
While the blue Forget-me-not would pine,
Should we its azure pattern spurn.
Each has a right to lift a voice
As a source for a nation's tri-colored choice.

And better than thinking of the blood of foes,
Or that patriots dyed the crimson bars,
The friendship of the red, red Rose
A-bloom beneath the sentinel stars.
May our people be pure as the Lily be,
And from selfish forgetfulness be free.

Then unloose the eagle's talons there,
From our glorious country's standard head;
Give his place to another bird of the air—
Let an humbler creature reign instead,
That riot might die and war surcease,
Let us lift on high the Dove of Peace.

Ulysses R. Perrine.

Detroit, Mich., May 11, 1908.

SUMMER.

Again we see the rustling leaves,
Asters in balmy air,
And flowers swaying in the breeze,
In colors bright and fair.

The winding brook sings soft and clear
Its mellow song all day,
And on its banks tall Ferns appear,
Where children love to play.

Fair Roses bright nod by the wall,
And Lilies white and sweet,
While 'mong the shrubs we hear the call
Of many birds we greet.

Ah, yes, we hail each summer day,
Its sunshine and its showers;
We hail the brooklet's murmuring lay,
We hail the wealth of flowers.

Miss Letha L. French.

Penobscot Co., Me., March 16, 1908.

TO A JACQUEMINOT ROSE.

You beauteous thing! I'd much ado to take thee
from thy sisters,
Because of thy stern body-guard of thorns that
never leave thee.
Though I am wounded, I care not,
I hold thee like a lovely thought,
In wonder.

Ah, thou wert wooed in leafy June, by cool winds
soft and tender,
And kissed by sunbeams through the day, and at
night by silvery moonbeams;
Then dewdrops cooled thy lovely lips,
Refreshing to the very tips,
Thy petals.

Ah, thou wert rocked within thy calyx until one
lovely morning,
When thou didst tremble open wide—a thought of
God perfected;
Then from thy heart sweet fragrance crept,
And through the summer air it swept
Like incense.

Thy petals are so soft and cool, as to my lips I
press them,
That from thy heart to mine there springs a train of
tender musings;
And fancies, sweet as summer birds—
Too sweet to find a voice in words—
Thrill through me.

Erie, Pa., March 15, 1908.

Lillie Ripley.

THE DAMASK ROSE.

June is the month of Roses,
And in the garden near
I seek amid the blossoms
For Damask Roses dear.

They were the joy of mother,
Who loved their fragrance best;
She wore them 'mid her tresses,
And on her gentle breast.

When oft with her I wandered
Beneath the silver moon,
A Rose for me she gathered,
The Damask Rose of June.

And now that she has left me
For heavenly mansions clear,
To me above all others,
The Damask Rose is dear.

Her grave with them I garland
And trust that she may know
How well I love the Roses,
Because she loved them so.

Tioga Co., N. Y., May 25, '08. Ruth Raymond.

THE RUSTIC COTTAGE.

A little rustic cottage stands
Beside the babbling brook,
And there for years the Violets bloomed
In every shady nook.

'Twas there two lovers pledged their troth
In days of long ago,
While apple blooms their fragrance shed
With Violets, sweet and low.

Then as the joyous bells rang out
And all the world seemed fair,
I plucked a bunch of Violet blooms
And placed them in her hair.

But as the happy years pass on
The tolling bells bring grief,
And Violets grow and sweetly bloom
To bring a fond relief.

The empty home roof now is green
'Neath weeping Cypress trees,
Yet, as of yore the violet blooms
Wait sweetness on the breeze.

Olcott, N. Y.

Leslie Clare.



PICK THEM OUT

5 Plants 25 cts. 12 Plants 50 cts. 25 Plants \$1.00. 100 Plants \$3.50. Mailed, Safe Delivery Guaranteed, including also a Subscription to Park's Floral Magazine.

SPECIAL FOR JULY--

For \$1.00 you may select 25 plants from this list, and I will add 5 hardy named Chrysanthemums in five distinct colors, or five Early-flowering Chrysanthemums in five sorts, also a fine plant of the Wonder or Ponderosa Lemon. Speak to friends and get up a club. I guarantee safe arrival and satisfaction. The plants are well rooted and in fine condition.

Abutilon in variety
Acacia lophantha
Verticillata and others
Achania Malvaviscus
Achillea Pearl
Parnica, Filipendula
Achimenes mixed
Achyranthus, NewCarmine
Agrostemma, white, scarlet
Albizia julibrissin
Alstroemeria aurantiaca
Alternanthera, red, yellow
Brilliantissima
Paronychoides major
Alyssum Saxatile
Amomum Cardamomum
Anemith Chamomile
Aquilegia in variety
Arabis Alpina
Aralia Racem. (Spikenard)
Arum italicum black Calla
Asclepias incarnata
Asparagus Sprengeri
Plumosus nanus
Plumosus robustus
Begonia, Tuberosus in var.
Begonia, Rex, in variety
Begonia Feasti Cork Screw
Begonia, fibrous-rooted,
see list of last month.
Bergamot Scarlet
Blackberry Lily
Bougainvillea Sanderi
Boston Smilax
Carnation, Malmalson mxd
Margaret in sorts
Winter-blooming mixed
Queen Louise, white
Harry Fenn, red
Enchantress, pink
Bryophyllum calycinum
Cactus, Queen of Night
Opuntia variegata
Campanula, white
Fragilis
Carpatica, blue
Campylobotrys regia
Canna, robusta
Cordylone Indivisa
Carex Japonica.
Carnation Grenadin, white
Cassia Marilandica
Cestrum laurifolium
Poeticus
Chlidanthus fragrans
Chrysanthemum, Miss Clay
Frick, white
Polly Rose, white
Alice Byron, white
Ivory, white
Jeannie Nonin, white
Mrs. H. H. Weeks, white
Timothy Eaton, white
Col. Appleton, yellow
Major Bonaffon, yellow
Cremo, yellow
Robert Halliday, yellow
Mary Mann, pink
Dr. Enguehard, pink
Rosiere, pink
Chrysanthemum Frutescens
Cineraria
Maritima Diamond.
Coreopsis grandiflora
Crassula cordata
Cuphea platycentra.
Coleus, Ornatus
Fancy in variety
Golden Bedder
Verschaffelti
Fire Brand

Coleus Booker Washington,
a dark-colored variety
Cyclamen in sorts.
Daisy, Double, delicate
Snowball, white
Longfellow, red
Daisy, Ox-eye, Shasta
California
Alaska
Delphinium, perennial
Dianthus Semper. yellow
Dielytra spectabilis
Digitalis, Foxglove
Doronicum Caucasianum
Eranthemum Pulchellum
A fine winter-bloomer.
Erythrina Crista Galli
Eucalyptus citrodora
Eucomis punctata
Eupatorium riparium
Riparium variegatum
Euphorbia splendens
Ferns, Tender in variety
Hardy in variety
Funkia subcordata grand.
Ovata and Undulata var.
Ferraria yellow
Red, also White
Ficus repens
Gaillardia grandiflora
Fuchsia, single:
Black Prince, single
Silver King, single
Mrs. Chas. Blanc
Speciosa
Double:
Monarch, double
Gloire des Marches
Rose Patrie
E. G. Hill
Genista Canariensis
Geranium, single-flwing:
White, scarlet, crimson,
salmon
Pink, named
Geranium, double-flwing:
named to color
Geranium, Præstensis
Gentiana Andrews
Goodyeara pubescens
Grevillea Robusta
Guava, fine fruit for pots.
Helianthus Maximilliana
Helianthus tuberosum
Multiflorus fl. pl.
Heliotrope
Hemerocallis flava
Middendorffiana
Sieboldii
Thunbergii
Heuchera Sanguinea
Heterocentron album
Hibiscus, pink, crimson eye
White, crimson eye
Hollyhock, double, in sorts
Honeysuckle, Halls
Reticulata
Hop, common
Hoya Carnosa
Impatiens sultani
Holsti
Inula, (Elecampane)
Iris in variety
English variegated
Ivy, Irish or parlor
Kenilworth
Jasminum gracillimum
Nudiflorum
Revolutum
Jerusalem Cherry.
Justicia sanguinea
Velutina
Kudzu Vine
Lavender
Leucanthemum, Triumph

Ligustrum, Amoor River
Lilium Takesima
Tigrinum single
Double
Umbellatum
Lily of the Valley
Fortin's Giant
Linum Perenne, blue
Lopesia rosea
Lychnis Lagascae
Lysimachia, Moneywort
Mackaya Bella
Malva Moschata
Manettia bicolor
Mexican Primrose
Monarda Didyma
Nicotiana Sylvestris, Affinis
Sanderia
Oxalis, Bowtie
Arborea coccinea
Alba
Oenothera Frazerii
Otaheite Orange
Paeonies Chinese, in variety
Palm, Phoenix Canariensis
Pansy in variety
Pardanthus Chinensis
Parsley, triple-curved
Passiflora edulis
Pea, Perennial rose, pink,
red, white, scarlet
Phalaris, ribbon grass
Physalis Franchetii
Pinks in variety
Pink, Essex Witch
Pilea Muscosa
Pittosporum Tobira
Platycodon blue, white
Polygonum cuspidatum
Polygonum Multiflorum
Primula Mallow Leaf
Primula, Veris Duplex
Acaulis
Chinese Fern Leaf
Fringed
Obconica
Verticillata
Pyrethrum, mixed
Phlox, Boule de Feu, Iris,
Jeanne de Arc, Boule
de Nieve, Adonis.
Rhynchospermum Jasmin.
Rudbeckia, Golden Glow
Newmanii, Purplea
Rivinia Humilis
Rocket, Sweet
Ruellia Makoyana
Formosa
Russelia elegantissima
Salvia Praetensis
Rutilans
Sclarea
Fatens
Coccinea splendens
Splend'ns AlfredRaginan
Robusta
Sage, English
Sansevieria Zeylanica
Saxifraga peltata
Sarmentosa
Cymballaria
Sedum, Acre
Selaginella maritima
Silene Fortunei
Solanum Rantonetti
Grandiflorum
Spirea, Filipendula
Gladstone
Palmata elegans
Venusta
Strawberry, in sorts
Strobilanthes anisophyllus
Sweet William, white, red
Holborn's Glory
Tansy

Thunbergia grandiflora,
Thalictrum adiantifolium
Tradescantia Zebrina
Tricyrtus Hirta
Tritoma corolina
Trollius, Thomas Ware
Tropeolum tuberosa
Veronica Longiflora
Imperialis
Prostrata
Vinca, Hardy
Rosea and Rosea Alba
Viola, in sorts
Weigelia floribunda
Variegata
Yucca filamentosa, etc.
Hardy Shrubs.
Abelia rupestris, hardy
Althea in variety
Amorpha fruticosa
Aralia petaphylla
Baccharis halimifolia
Benzoin odoriferum
Berberis
Vulgaris
Thunbergii
Buddleia Variabilis
Cotoneaster angustifolia
Callicarpa purpurea
Calycanthus Floridus
Cydonia Japonica
Cytisus Laburnum
Deutzia crenata fl. pl.
Elder, cut leaf
Euonymus Americana
Exochorda grandiflora
Forsythia viridissima.
Suspensa (Sieboldii)
Hamamelis Virginiana
Hydrangea P. paniculata
Kerria Japonica fl. pl.
Koeleruteria paniculata
Ligustrum Ibotum, Privet
California Privet
Photinia Villosa
Philadelphus Mock Orange
Grandiflorus, large-flwd
Spirea Anthony Waterer,
Reevesi, Van Houtte,
Frunitolia
Spartium Junceum
Syrax Japonica
Symphoricarpus vulgaris
Racemosa
Hardy Shrubby Vines.
Ampelopsis quinquefolia
Veitchi
Cissus heterophylla
Clematis paniculata
Ivy English, green
Abbotsford
Rhus Cotinus Smoke tree
Roses, climbing hardy
Seven Sisters
Mary Washington
Wistaria Magnifica, beau-
tiful hardy vine.
Hardy Trees.
American Linden
Catalpa Kempferi
Cornus floridus, Dogwood
Cork Elm
Cercis Canadensis, Red-
bud
Eucalyptus Globosa
Ginkgo triloba
Mulberry, Russian
Magnolia acuminata,
Sugar Maple
Scarlet Maple
Sycamore (American)
Tulip Poplar
Umbrella Tree
Weeping Willow

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Free to You and Every Sister Woman Suffering from Woman's Ailments.



I am a woman.
I know woman's sufferings.
I have found the cure.

I will mail free of any charge, my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from woman's ailments. I want to tell all women about this cure—you my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or your sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourself at home without the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand women's sufferings. What we women know from experience, we know better than any doctor. I know that my home treatment is a safe and sure cure for Leucorrhoea, or Discharges, Ulceration, Displacement, or Falling of the Womb, Painful Periods, Uterine or Ovarian Tumors or Growths; also pain in the head, back and bowels, bearing down feelings, nervousness, creeping feeling up the spine, melancholy, hot flashes, weariness, kidney and bladder troubles where caused by weaknesses peculiar to our sex.

I want to send you a complete ten days' treatment entirely free to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home, easily, quickly and surely. Remember that it will cost you nothing to give this treatment a complete trial; and if you should wish to continue, it will cost you only about 12 cents a week or less than two cents a day. It will not

interfere with your work or occupation. Just send me your name and address, tell me how you suffer if you wish, and I will send you the treatment for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you free of cost, my book—"WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER" with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves at home. Every woman should have it, and learn to think for herself. Then when the doctor says—"You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures all, old or young.

To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectually cures Leucorrhoea, Green Sickness, and painful or Irregular Menstruation in Young Ladies. Plumpness and health always result from its use.

Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies of your own locality who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this Home Treatment really cures all women's diseases, and makes women well, strong, plump and robust. Just send me your address, and the free ten days' treatment is yours, also the book. Write to-day as you may not see this offer again.

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CANCER

Treated at home. No pain, knife, plaster or oils. Send for Free Treatise. Add. **A. J. Miller, M.D., St. Louis, Mo.**

TO GET RID OF ENGLISH SPARROWS.

I agree with the writer in the April number of Floral Magazine, that the English Sparrow is a nuisance. It is one of the greatest enemies of our song birds, which are becoming very scarce. It was not according to God's plan that we have the English Sparrow to contend with. It was man that brought it here, and like the rabbits in Australia, it has proved a nuisance.

But if every one would do their part we might get rid of English Sparrows. The secret is to get rid of their nests, and in a few years there would be no sparrows. They scarcely ever build a nest where it cannot be destroyed before they hatch. I am surprised at any farmer or gardener who will allow an English Sparrow to hatch near his place. Is it ignorance, or what is it, that will cause a farmer to keep a flock of English Sparrows around his barn all winter, and feed them, then allow them to hatch in the summer, to continue the nuisance, and to make matters worse, keep a lot of blood-thirsty cats to eat up the young song-birds as soon as they get out of the nest. The English Sparrows and Cats are the song-birds worst enemies. They should be destroyed.

W. L. Chamberlain.

East Liverpool, O., May 4, 1908.

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the fruit. Perfect for **STRAWBERRIES**. Vegetables easily canned. Pickles never spoil. Earned **First Premium at 12 State Fairs**. In use 11 years. Thousands best housewives use it. 10c. worth (two packages) will put up 7 quarts fruit. Send for Club rates, Big money for Agents. **AMERICAN WOMAN'S CANNING CO.**
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This represents the effect the Kresslin Treatment has had in hundreds of cases.

Fat people need no longer despair, for there is a home remedy to be had that will quickly and safely reduce their weight, and, in order to prove that it does take off superfluous flesh rapidly and without harm, a trial treatment will be sent, free of charge, to those who apply for it by simply sending name and address. It is called the KRESSLIN TREATMENT, and many people who have been reduced as much as a pound a day, often forty pounds a month when large quantities of fat were to be taken off. No person is so fat but what it will have the desired effect, and no matter where the excess fat is located—stomach, bust, hips, cheeks, neck—it will quickly vanish without exercising, dieting, or in any way interfering with your customary habits. Rheumatism, Asthma, Kidney and Heart Troubles leave as fat is reduced. It does it in an ABSOLUTELY HARMLESS way, for there is not an atom in the treatment that is not beneficial to all the organs. So send name and address to the Dr. Bromley Co., Dept. 80E, 41 West 25th St., New York City, and you will receive a large trial treatment free, together with an illustrated book on the subject and letters of endorsement from those who have taken the treatment at home and reduced themselves to normal. All this will be sent without one cent to pay in any shape or form. Let them hear from you promptly.

SOW THESE THIS MONTH.

This collection of the best Perennials, (12 pkts) I offer for only 35 cents, or two lots for 60 cents, which is less than half price. Single pkts. 5 cents each. Sow this month for next season's blooming.

BEST PERENNIALS FOR NEXT SEASON'S FLOWER GARDEN.

Aquilegia or Columbine, large-flowered, large-spurred, white, blue, red, yellow and variegated.
Campanula, Bell Flower, single, double and Cup and Saucer Canterbury Bells and others, mixed.
Delphinium, Peren. Larkspur. Among the most beautiful and lasting of garden flowers; mixed colors.
Digitalis, Foxglove, fine, bell-shaped flowers, colors white, purple, yellow, rose, spotted, etc. Mixture.
Hollyhock, Chater's finest strains, in all the rich, new colors. Pretty in groups, or single specimens.
Pea, Perennial, Giant sorts, perfectly hardy, unsurpassed for beds or trellises; all colors; mixture.

I can supply other hardy Perennials, as Arabis, Yellow Alyssum, Aubretia, Aster, Erigeron, Gypsophila, Linum Perenne, Coreopsis, Chrysanthemum Triumph, Per. Phlox, Rocket, etc., separately at 5 cts. per packet.

CHOICE WINDOW GARDEN SEEDS.

Abutilon, Chinese Maple, bell flowers; finest mixed.
Alonsoa, winter-blooming pot plant, mixed colors.
Begonia, Fibrous and Tuberous-rooted; mixed.
Calceolaria, Large-flowered, spotted, rich; mixed.
Carnation, winter-blooming, double, mixed colors.
Chrysanthemum, easily-grown winter-bloomer.
Cineraria, fine winter-blooming plants; mixed.
Coleus, glorious pot and bedding foliage plants.
Cyclamen, elegant winter-bloomers; colors mixed.
Geranium, Zonale, large-flowered, large-clustered.
Gloxinia, large-flowered, easily grown from seeds.

Heliotrope, New Lemoine; clusters of sweet flowers.
Lantana, New Dwarf and large sorts mixed.
Lobelia, Barnard's Perpetual, blue, white eye.
Petunia, Dwarf, compact, for window pots in winter.
Primula, Butter-cup, golden yellow flowers.
Primula Obconica, mixed.
Primrose, Chinese Fringed; many colors mixed.
Scabiosa, large-flowered dwarf, winter-bloomers.
Schizanthus, Orchid-like flowers in profusion.
Verbena, New Dwarf, winter-blooming; mixed.
Zanzibar Balsam, sure, everblooming pot-plants.

ROEMER'S GIANT PRIZE PANSIES.

Pansies started this month bloom well in autumn and early spring. The plants are thus strong, very free-blooming, and make a gorgeous bed, rivaling Tulips in spring. I offer the choicest seeds in mixture, each mixture 5 cents per packet, or the ten packets with the Magazine a year for only 25 cents.

White, in variety, pure white, white with eye, white with spots, and white shaded.
Red in variety, bright red, rosy red, rich scarlet, red with tints and shadings.
Blue in variety, dark blue, dark violet, rich purple, and blue margined.
Black in variety, coal black, blue black, jet black, dark violet, purplish black.
Yellow in variety, rich pure yellow, golden yellow, yellow with eye, shaded.

Striped and Flaked, all distinctly striped and flaked and splashed.
Blotched and Spotted, pure ground colors, peculiar and odd markings.
Shaded and Margined, margined and rayed in pretty tints and shades.
Azure in variety, light blue, ultramarine, azure, lavender, blue and marked.
Mixed Colors in variety, superb shades and markings, many rare varieties.

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GEO. W. PARK, La Park, Pa.

Cancer Cured at Home

I have so perfected my **Mild Combination Treatment** that patients may use it at their home with practically as good results as though it were applied at my offices. I will gladly furnish to every sufferer positive and indisputable proofs that my treatment **Does Cure Cancer**. I will furnish ample evidence of my integrity, honesty, financial and professional ability. No matter how serious your case may be—no matter how many operations you have had—no matter what treatments you have tried, do not give up hope, but write for my book, "Cancer and Its Cure." It will cost you nothing and will tell you how you can be cured at home. Address,

DR. JOHNSON REMEDY CO., SUITE 341, 1235 GRAND AVE. KANSAS CITY, MO.

Have you a friend suffering from Cancer? Do them a favor they'll never forget by sending them this ad.

MAGAZINE APPRECIATED.

Dear Mr. Park:—Your Magazine is a great pleasure to me—just what I need for floral information. I expect to be a continual subscriber, and shall keep the numbers of each volume for reference. Ida G. Smith.

Morgan Co., Ala., Jan. 8, 1908.

Dear Mr. Park:—I have been a reader of your Floral Magazine for a number of years, and would not like to be without it. I enjoy it very much. Mrs. R. F. Roberts.

So. Royalton, Vt., May 8, 1908.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR CURED.

A Well Known Lady Will Send FREE to any Sufferer the Secret Which Cured Her.

From childhood I was distressed and humiliated by an unwelcome growth of hair on my face and arms. I tried all the depilatories, powders, liquids, creams, and other rub-on preparations I ever heard of, only to make it worse. For weeks I suffered the electric needle without being rid of my blemish. I spent hundreds of dollars in vain, until a friend recommended a simple preparation which succeeded where all else failed, in giving me permanent relief from all trace of hair. I will send full particulars, free, to enable any other sufferer to achieve the same happy results privately at home. All I ask is a 2c stamp for reply. Address, Mrs. CAROLINE OSGOOD, 357 M Custom House, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

GOSSIP.

Robins in the South.—It is a pleasure to have a report that Robins and other song birds offered in South Carolina markets for food some years ago are now protected by law. The Audubon Society, since March of last year, has been doing much in the interest of birds in that State, and report that stringent laws have been enacted, and are strictly enforced, making it a misdemeanor to offer song birds for sale as food, or even to kill them.



BIG PRICE CUT

regardless of cost or profits, on all of my 125 styles **GENUINE SPLIT HICKORY** Bug-ies and Harness—Sold Direct from Factory on **30 Days Free Trial**—Two Year-Guarantee. Now is your chance to save many a dollar. Write for big Catalogue, Special Cut Price Sheet fully explaining the proposition. Everything goes in this sale.

OHIO CARRIAGE MFG. CO.,
Columbus, Ohio



OLD FOLKS' CORNER.

Dear Mr. Park:—Please accept my sincere thanks for your kindness in the past. I am an old woman 73 years of age, and in feeble health, but I always have a few beds of the beautiful flowers, "God's thoughts in bloom."

Your old friend and subscriber,

Mrs. J. C. Brush.

Steuben Co., N. Y., May 5, 1908.

Dear Mr. Park:—I am 70 years old, and cannot do much in the garden, but I don't like to give up your Magazine, because it is so useful as a work of reference.

Last year I bought a large Elephant's Ear, and I never saw anything grow as it did. The leaves were 32 inches long. It was highly praised. I kept it in dry earth the first winter, and it kept safely; but the past winter, although kept in the same way, it rotted. It had four young bulbs attached to it. I shall get another one.

Kate E. Clark.

Ridgewood, N. J., Mar. 18, 1908.

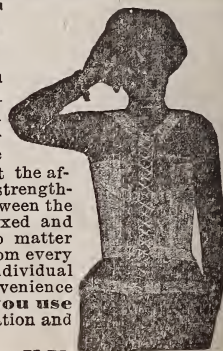
NOTE.—*Caladium Esculentum* (Elephant's Ear) likes shade, and an abundance of water. If the soil is well drained you cannot supply it with too much water, and it will thrive even in a dense shade, where the sun's rays are entirely excluded. In autumn it should be dried off thoroughly and kept in a dry, moderately warm place to winter. It will not winter safely where the temperature is moist and cold.



CROOKED SPINES MADE STRAIGHT

If you are suffering from any form of spinal trouble you can be cured in your own home without pain or discomfort. A wonderful anatomical appliance has been invented by a man who cured himself of Spinal Curvature. Its results are marvelous. It is nature's own method. Eminent physicians are endorsing it. The Sheldon Method relieves the pressure at the affected parts of the spine, the whole spine is invigorated and strengthened, all soreness is taken out of the back, the cartilage between the vertebrae is made to expand, the contracted muscles are relaxed and the spine is straightened. There is bright hope for you, no matter how long you have suffered. We have strong testimonials from every State in the Union. Each appliance is made to order from individual measurements and fits perfectly. There is positively no inconvenience in wearing. **We guarantee satisfaction and let you use it 30 days.** Write for our new book, giving full information and references.

PHILO BURT MFG. CO., 242, 19th St., Jamestown, N. Y.



CHILDREN'S CORNER.

Dear Mr. Park:—Here come two Alabama



boys, aged 14 and 11 years; mamma gets the Magazine, and we do enjoy the Children's Corner and your letters. We carry our little sisters to school, 2½ miles, driving our pet horse Nancy Hanks. We like our teacher. We have cows and pretty calves, and some dogs and cats. We also enjoy music and flowers. We have some nice poultry.

Lorenzo and Hugh Sinclair.
Dallas Co., Ala., Feb. 11, 1908.

CHOICE WINDOW FERNS--Adiantum Cuneatum (Maiden Hair), Aspidium tussimense, Cyrtomium falcatum, Polystichum setosum, Pteris Cretica alba-lineata, P. Hastata, P. Mayii, P. Magnifica, P. Nana Compacta, P. Serrulata variegata cristata, P. Sieboldi, P. Tremula, P. Victoria. Five of the above splendid Ferns, 25 cts., or all (13) for only 50 cts. Order now. **GEO. W. PARK, La Park, Pa.**

20 BEAUTIFUL COLORED POST CARDS **100**
Famous Public Buildings of the United States. All different.
WORTH 60 CTS KING & CO., 200 BROADWAY, DEPT., 64 NEW YORK.

Only \$4.75 **Young, Tame Parrots**



Guaranteed Talkers

The most jolly, sociable and interesting of all home pets. Choice, hand-raised Mexican Redheads or Cuban Parrots, if ordered during June, July or August for only \$4.75 each, including shipping case and food for journey. Each bird

guaranteed to reach destination alive, and with written guarantee to learn to talk. Double Yellowhead, African, Panama and other varieties at low prices. A first class cage, \$1.50. Fine large cage, \$2.50. Large, illustrated catalog free. Complete parrot book, with illustrations in natural colors, only 25 cents. We also sell imported Canaries, Goldfish, etc.

IOWA BIRD CO., Des Moines, Iowa

ECZEMA



Dr. J. E. Cannaday.

I want to send you a free trial of my mild, soothing, guaranteed cure for Eczema. You do not have to risk one penny on my treatment as it actually stops the itching and cures you to stay cured. A free trial will prove this and if you are then not satisfied you can place my moderate fee in a National Bank and if the treatment does not please you in every particular the bank returns your money in full. Write today for Free treatment and book which will give you the names of some of your neighbors cured of eczema by my wonderful treatment.

DR. J. E. CANNADAY, 456 PARK SQUARE, SEDALIA, MO.

ASTHMA can be cured at home. Trial treatment and full information absolutely free of any charge. Write **FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 888, BUFFALO, N. Y.**

RHEUMATISM

Let Us Send You, **FREE TO TRY**, a Dollar's Worth of the Great Michigan External Remedy That is Curing Thousands.

LET US HAVE YOUR ADDRESS TODAY

We have found a quick and positive remedy for Rheumatism. We are proving this fact day in and day out by thousands of cures, including old chronic cases of 30 and 40 years' suffering from this cruel torture. We know this, and if anyone doubts, we will introduce him or her to hundreds we have cured. We will let everybody know, as we know, that Magic Foot Drafts are a real, genuine cure for this dread disease.



Magic Foot Drafts are so sure to cure that we gladly send them to anybody **Free on Approval** and wait for our pay until the work is done. Send us your name today. Return mail will bring you a regular dollar pair of Drafts, prepaid, to try free. Then if you are satisfied with the benefit received, you can send us One Dollar; if not, they cost you nothing. **You decide.** You can see that we couldn't afford to make such an offer if the Drafts didn't cure. Address Magic Foot Draft Co., 791 Oliver Building, Jackson, Mich. Write today.

BIRTHDAY POST CARDS

10 mailed for 10 cents. 90 cents per hundred.
Leap year post cards 12 for 15 cents.

MADISON ART CO., Madison, Conn.

Reliable Help for Washing

doesn't talk back or leave you when most needed. The Syracuse "EASY" non-friction steel washer is that kind. Ask now for our free book. Pages 3-20 tell you how to cut your washing expense in half and have your clothes, white, clean and sweet, the way you like them. Agts Wanted.

DODGE & ZUILL,

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DON'T MARRY, DOCTOR, or despair. "Don't do a thing" till you see clearly what's best by aid of Flash-Lights on Human Nature, on health, disease, love, marriage and parentage. Tells what you'd ask a doctor, but don't like to. 240 pages illustrated, 25 cents; but to introduce it we send one only to any adult for postage, 10 cents.

MURRAY HILL BOOK CO.,

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FITS CURED NO CURE NO PAY--in other words you do not pay our small professional fee until cured and satisfied. **German-American Institute, 617 Walnut St., Kansas City, Mo.**

\$8 Paid Per 100 for Distributing Samples of Washing Aid. Send 6c. stamp. **A. W. SCOTT, CHICAGO, N. Y.**

HAPPY, THANKFUL PEOPLE

My Illustrated Book tells of a method by which people from every State in the Union, Canada and other foreign countries were cured of chronic Eye and Ear troubles, Deafness and Catarrh in their homes by My Mild Medicine. Most of these cases had been pronounced incurable by other doctors but they wrote for my book, followed its advice and today are cured.



DR. F. G. CURTS,
The Great Eye and Ear Specialist.

MY FREE OFFER

TO ALL SUFFERERS FROM

Catarrh, Deafness, Eye and Ear Troubles

I want to place in your hands the instruments, the medicine and advice that will prove to you the really great value of my treatment. I want to send you my Nasal Douche or my Aluminum Eye Cup, 5 days' treatment and my illustrated book, all as a generous free gift, so that you can put me to the test, and so that you can prove that I always do exactly as I agree. No doctor has ever made it so easy for you to cure yourself of Catarrh, Deafness, Eye or Ear Troubles right in your own home and it will pay you to accept my free offer today.

TEST MY TREATMENT AT MY EXPENSE

Every year I successfully treat thousands of cases in all parts of the United States. There is scarcely a town or hamlet where I cannot point to a cured, satisfied patient.



My Nasal Douche is a practical invention, constructed on scientific principles, easily cleaned, perfectly sanitary and so simple that any child can use it. I've proved its value in thousands of cases of Catarrh, Hawking and Spitting, Headaches, Discharging Ears, Head Noises, Ringing or Buzzing in the Ears, etc., etc., and I want to convince you that I can cure you. Simply send your name and address and I will send my 50c Nasal Douche, five days' treatment and my illustrated book—all free.

My Aluminum Eye Cup is the newest, up-to-date and most effective way of applying remedies to the Eye. Is easily worth 50c to any sufferer. I care not whether you are suffering with the most serious and complicated disease of the Eye, whether you have inflammation of the Eye Ball or Granulation of the Eye Lids, or whether your Eyes are tired out and ache, burn or smart, you should have one of my Eye Cups in your house. I will send you one without a cent of cost so that you may prove its value.

Send No Money

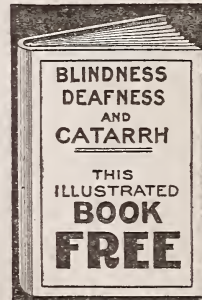
Simply your name and address in a letter, or a Post Card will do, and you will receive by return mail my Nasal Douche or Aluminum Eye Cup (whichever you need), my 5 days' treatment and my new illustrated book.

DR. F. G. CURTS, 272 Gumbel-Curts Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

All my dealings will stand the closest investigation. I claim most emphatically that in all probability I have cured more cases of Eye and Ear trouble and Catarrh than any other doctor. My Mild Medicine Method makes it unnecessary to submit to an operation. There is no necessity for seeing a doctor, and no interference with your daily duties. The larger portion of my patients I have never seen. By the aid of my Mild Medicine Method I am able to treat my patients as successfully as though they were to come to my office. I believe that any person having Catarrh, Eye or Ear troubles should read my book, which I will gladly send free to any afflicted one. It will bring them tidings of great joy. It will show them how easy it is to regain perfect sight and hearing.

My Illustrated Book acknowledged to be one of the greatest works of its kind ever published—full from cover to cover with information and advice you can't afford to be without.

It tells how to quickly relieve and cure Distressing Head Noises, Ringing and Buzzing in the Ears, Discharging Ears and Catarrh. It tells how deaf people, except those born deaf, may be restored to perfect hearing. It tells in plain, simple language how all diseases and defects of the Eye, such as Failing Eyesight, Cataract, Granulated Lids, Scums, Sore Eyes, etc., etc., may be successfully treated by my patients in their own homes. It tells all about my Mild Medicine Method which has cured so many Catarrh sufferers and has restored Hearing and Sight to scores of supposedly incurable patients.



CROSS EYES STRAIGHTENED

\$500 will be paid by Dr. Curts for any case of Crossed or Turned Eye that he fails to straighten in one minute without pain or chloroform.

